We find that:

* the operating point of the nonlinearity \( m \) strongly influences the peak size of the TDS of a single OEO
* gives rise to an asymmetric relationship
* in a network of two mutually delay-coupled OEOs both the operating point \( m \) and coupling strength \( c \) determine the size of the TDS
  * partially restores the symmetry
* the size of the TDS is useful for sensing changes in the coupling strength in a small network of OEOs