Homework Assignment 8 Physics 761, Classical Mechanics

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Handed out: Monday, November 19, 2012 Due time: Monday, November 26, 2012

Each problem is worth 20 points.

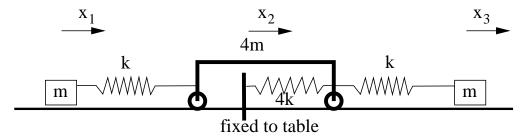
Problems

- 1. A bar of negligible weight and length l had equal mass points m at the two ends. The bar is made to rotate uniformly about an axis passing through the center of the bar and making an angle θ with the bar.
 - (a) Find the components along the principle axes of the bar of the torque driving the bar.
 - (b) Find the components of the torque along axes fixed in space. Show that these components are consistent with those found in part (a).
- 2. Consider the following situations in body and inertial coordinates respectively.
 - (a) Show that the angular momentum of the torque-free symmetrical top rotates in the body coordinates about the symmetry axis with an angular frequency Ω , and find the expression for Ω .
 - (b) Show also that the symmetry axis rotates in space about the fixed direction of the angular momentum with the angular frequency

$$\dot{\phi} = \frac{I_3 \,\omega_3}{I_1 \,\cos\,\theta}$$

where the angular momentum points in the space z direction.

3. Consider the three spring, three mass system shown below. The center post is taken to be fixed to the table.



- (a) Using coordinates referenced to equilibrium, write expressions for the kinetic and potential energies of this system.
- (b) Derive the Lagrangian and Hamiltonian of this system.
- (c) Derive the equations of motion.

- (d) Find the eigenmodes and corresponding oscillation frequencies. Graph the eigenmodes.
- 4. An undamped linear oscillator with natural frequency ω_0 is driven at frequency Ω by an external force with the following equation of the motion,

$$\ddot{q} + \omega_0^2 q = f_0 \cos \Omega t.$$

- (a) For $\Omega \neq \omega_0$, find the rate at which energy is pumped into the oscillator. Find the maximum energy of such an oscillator starting from rest, i.e. $q(0) = \dot{q}(0) = 0$ at t = 0;
- (b) For $\Omega = \omega_0$, by going into the complex variables, i.e. replacing $\cos \omega_0 t$ by $e^{i\omega_0 t}$ and setting $q(t) = \alpha(t)e^{i\omega_0 t}$, find the real solution for the driven oscillator;
- (c) For an oscillator starting from rest, i.e. $q(0) = \dot{q}(0) = 0$ at t = 0, and $\Omega = \omega_0$, find the rate at which energy is pumped into the oscillator and find the energy of the oscillator, averaged over a period, as a function of time.